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PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS OF 3-ACYL-2-THIOTETRAHYDRO-1,3-THIAZINES; A NEW SYNTHESIS OF CEPHAM ANALOGUES

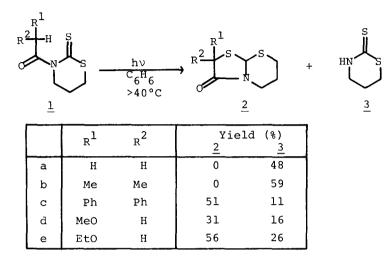
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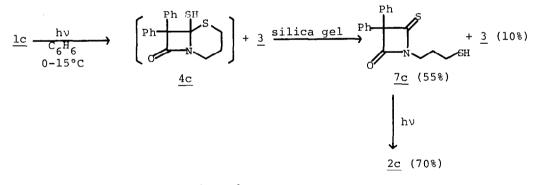
summary: Photolysis of 3-acyl-2-thiotetrahydro-1,3-thiazines followed by acetylation gave bicyclic β -lactams accompanied by Type II cleavage products. High temperature photolysis of them gave 2,9-dithia-6-azabicyclo[4,3,0]nonan-7-ones involving α -cleavage reactions of thioxo- β -lactams which were produced by ring opening reactions of thiazine rings of β -lactams.

The synthesis of β -lactams has been of continuing interest for many years because of the medical importance of penicillin and cephalosporine antibiotics. Previously we reported the photochemical synthesis of β -lactams involving Type II reactions of α -oxoamides,¹⁾ intramolecular [2+2] photocycloaddition of N-thiobenzoylmethacrylamides,²⁾ and Type II reactions of monothioimides.³⁾ Now we wish to report the photochemical reactions of 3-acyl-2-thiotetrahydro-1,3-thiazines. It has been reported that N-acyl-2-thionothiazolidines afforded only Type II cleavage products.⁴⁾

When 3-acetyl-2-thiotetrahydro-1,3-thiazine (<u>la</u>) was irradiated in benzene with a 1000W high pressure mercury lamp under argon above 40 °C. Type II cleavage product, 2-thiotetrahydro-1,3-thiazine (<u>3</u>) was obtained in 48% yield. Photolysis of N-isobutyroyl derivative (<u>lb</u>) gave a similar result. In the cases of <u>lc-e</u>, 2,9-dithia-6-azabicyclo[4,3,0]nonan-7-ones (<u>2c-e</u>) were obtained as main products as shown in table 1. When thiazine (<u>lc</u>) was irradiated at low temperature (0-15°C), the ir spectrum of the photoreaction mixture indicated the presence of bicyclic β -lactam (<u>4c</u>) (1760 cm⁻¹). However, the β -lactam (<u>4c</u>) could not be isolated. Instead of <u>4c</u>, thioxo- β lactam (<u>7c</u>) was obtained in 55% by silica gel column chromatography of the mixture. (Scheme 1)

The mechanism for the formation of $\underline{2}$ is reasonably explained in terms of a thiacarbene (<u>8</u>) formed by α -cleavage reaction of <u>4</u> as shown in Scheme 2. When $\underline{7c}$ was irradiated in benzene, 2c was obtained in 70% yield as a sole

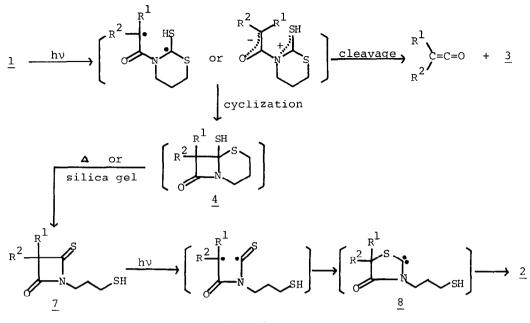






product. It is known that photochemical reactions of azetidin-2,4-diones in methanol undergo ring expansion to produce 5-methoxy-isoxazolid-3-ones via oxacarbenes.⁵⁾ In the thione photochemictry, α -cleavage reaction is not well documented although a few examples are reported with strained thioketones and dithioesters.⁶⁾ The photochemical reactions of the thioimide systems undergo hydrogen abstraction reactions^{3),7)} and [2+2] cycloaddition reactions.^{2),8)} However, there is no example of α -cleavage reaction with nitrogen-thiocarbonyl systems.

Table 1: Photolysis of 1 above 40°C

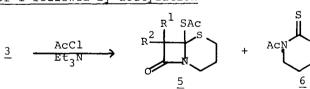


Scheme 2

It is expected that protection of the mercapto group of $\underline{4}$ make it possible to isolate the β -lactam since $\underline{4}$ was stable at low temperature. When <u>lc</u> was irradiated at low temperature (0-15°C) and to the reaction mixture acetyl chloride and triethylamine were added, S-acethyl β -lactam (5<u>c</u>) was obtained as expected in 66% yield. In the same manner, cepham analogues (5<u>d</u>, <u>e</u>) were obtained as shown in table 2. The β -lactam (5<u>d</u>) was obtained as a mixture of two stereoisomers (about 10:1), and <u>5e</u> was a single isomer.⁹⁾ The stereochemistry of the β -lactams (<u>5d</u>,<u>e</u>) can not be determined. The structures of the photoproducts were determined on the basis of elemental analyses and spectral data.

Table 2: Photolysis of 1 followed by acetylation

$$\frac{1}{0-15^{\circ}C} \xrightarrow{h\nu} [\underline{4}] +$$



	Yield (%)	
	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>
с	66	10
đ	57	15
е	65	23

In conclusion, photolysis of 3-diphenylacetyl-, 3-methoxyacetyl, and 3ethoxyacetyl-2-thiotetrahydro-1,3-thiazines followed by acetylation gave bicyclic β -lactams. High temperature photolysis of them gave 2,9-dithia-5azabicyclo[4,3,0]nonan-4-ones via α -cleavage of thioxo- β -lactams. In view of the results of the photoreaction of <u>la-e</u>, radical-stabilizing substituents (Ph and OR) seem to enhance the cyclization. However, these substituent effects cannot be explained at present. The present reaction provides not only a useful synthesis of some β -lactams but also the first example of α -cleavage reaction in thioimide systems.

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- 9) $5e:mp. 83-84^{\circ}C; i.r.(CHCl_3): 1765 and 1690 cm^{-1}; ^{1}H-nmr (CDCl_3): \delta$ $1.22(t, J=6.8Hz, 3H), 1.9(m, 2H), 2.34(s, 3H), 2.5-4.1(m, 4H), 3.72(q, J=6.8Hz, 2H), 4.76(s, 1H). ^{13}C-nmr (CDCl_3): \delta$ 15.1(q), 23.4(t), 27.3(t), 30.9(t), 37.3(q), 69.1(t), 77.3(s), 94.1(d), 162.0(s), 193.5(s). E.A.: Calcd. for $C_{10}H_{15}NO_{3}S_{2}; C, 45.95; H, 5.78; N, 5.35.$ Found; C, 45.99; H, 5.86; N, 5.38%
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